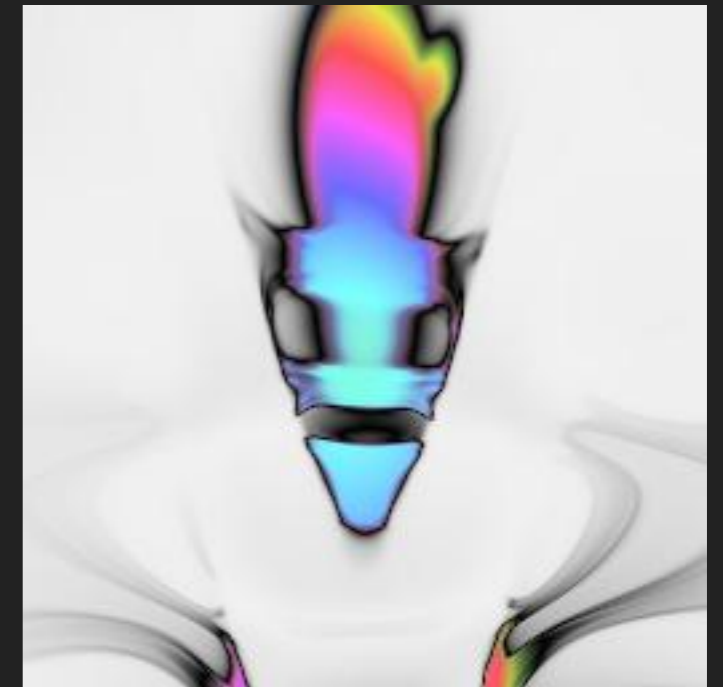
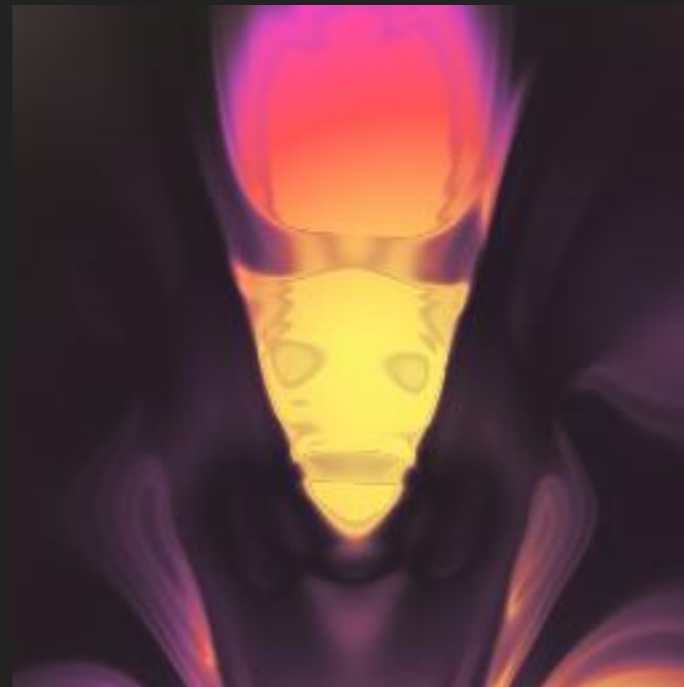


HYPHER NEAT

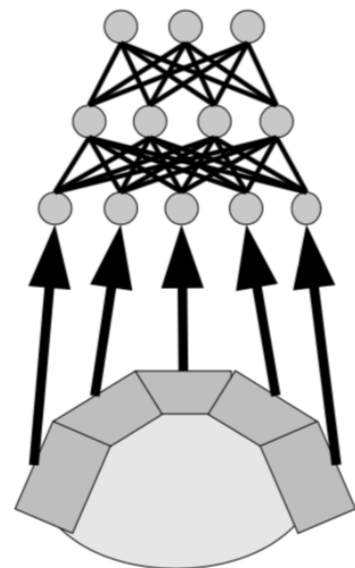
Lukas Meduna

HYPERCUBE-BASED NEUROEVOLUTION OF AUGMENTING TOPOLOGIES

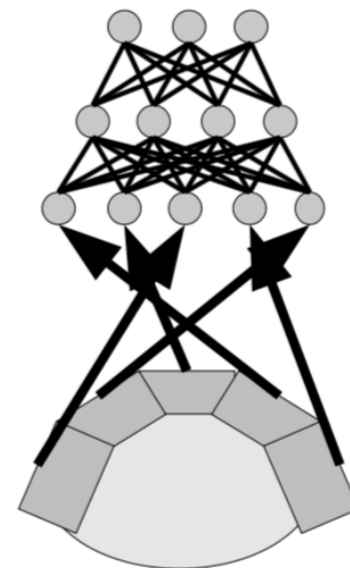


MOTIVATION

- ▶ Simulate complexity of brain
- ▶ Patterns, regularity
- ▶ Reflection of real world geometry



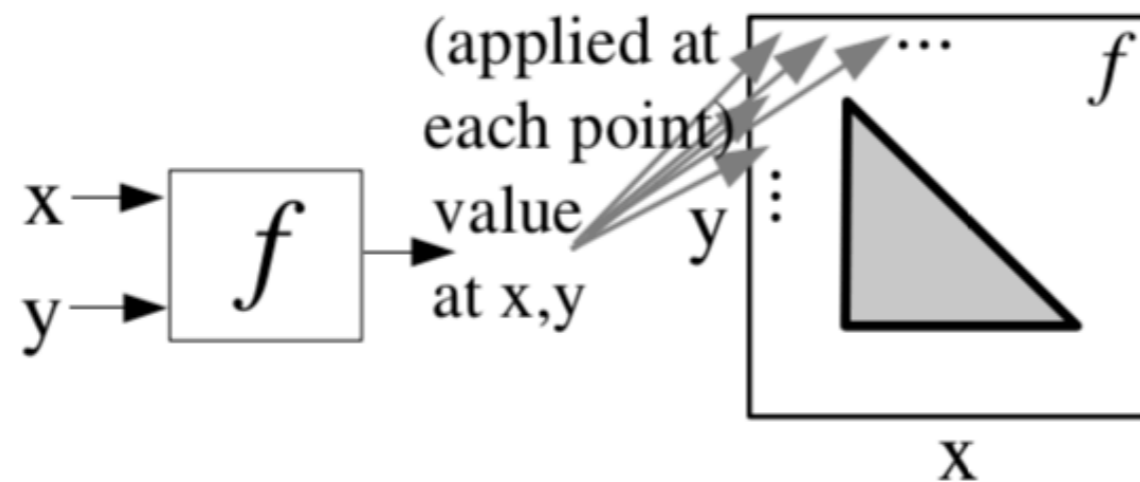
(a) Geometric Order



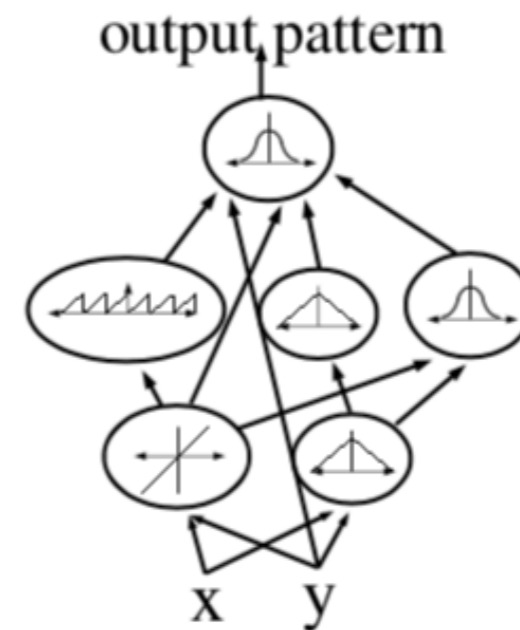
(b) Random Order

COMPOSITIONAL PATTERN PRODUCING NETWORKS

- ▶ Indirect genetic encoding
- ▶ Non-sigmoid functions
- ▶ Uses NEAT for ANN evolution



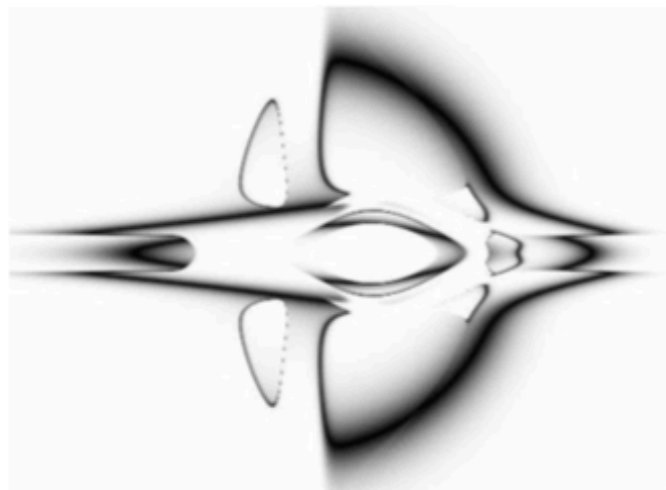
(a) Mapping



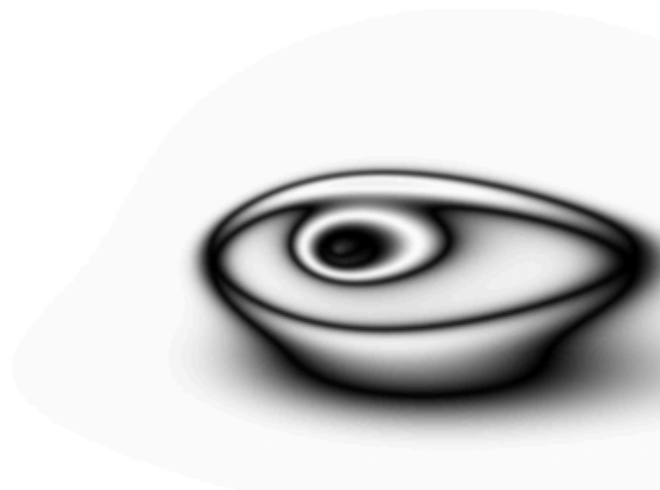
(b) Composition

COMPOSITIONAL PATTERN PRODUCING NETWORKS

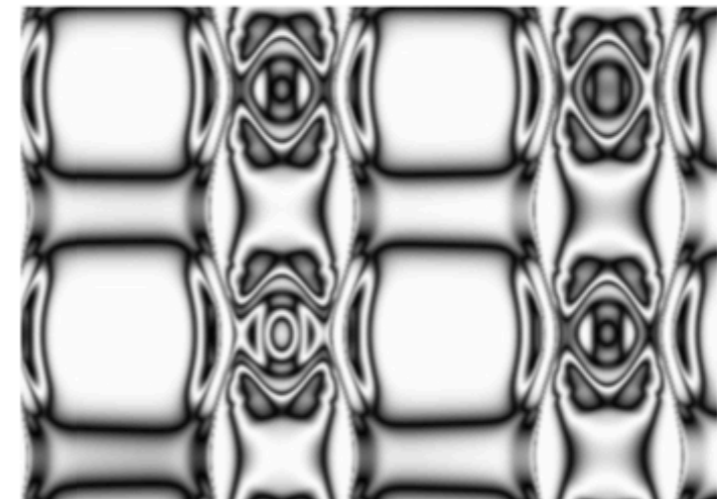
- ▶ simple canonical functions, encodes fundamental regularities
- ▶ Evolved using NEAT
 - ▶ Activation function from given set



(a) Symmetry



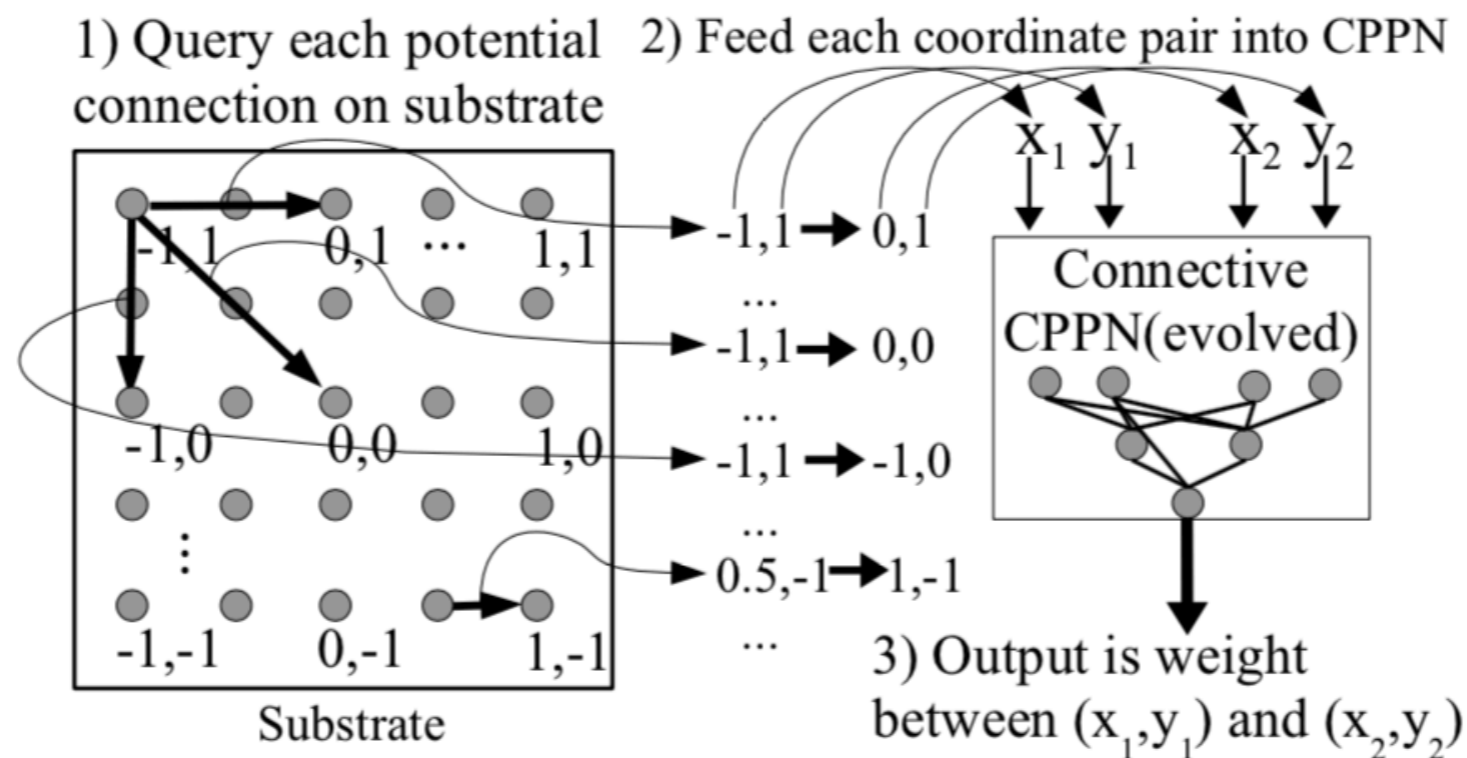
(b) Imperfect Symmetry



(c) Repetition with Variation

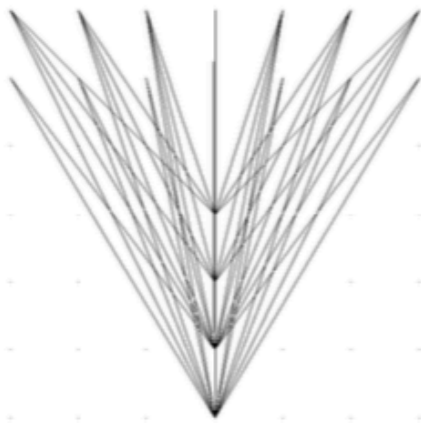
HYPER NEAT

- ▶ Input coordinates of two points into CPPN
- ▶ Output is weight of connection
- ▶ CPPN computes function $CPPN(x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2) = w$

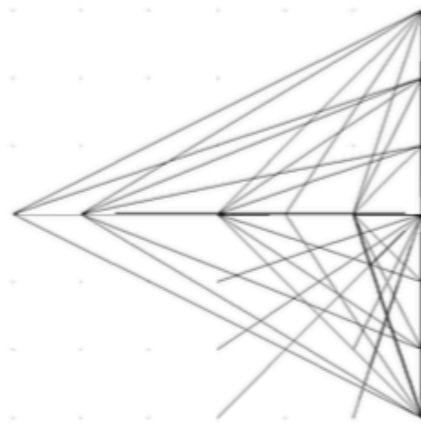


HYPER NEAT

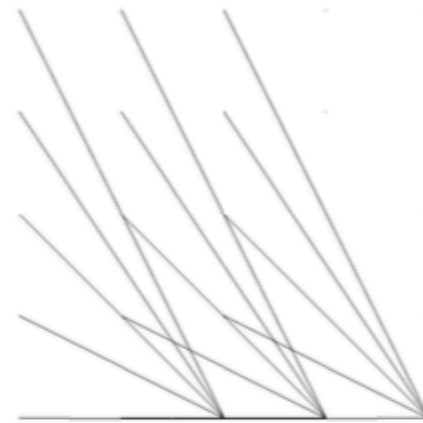
- ▶ Connectivity pattern is *Substrate*
- ▶ Spatial x connectivity pattern



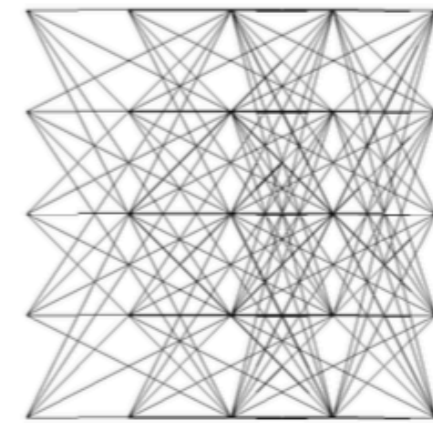
(a) Symmetry



(b) Imperfect Sym.



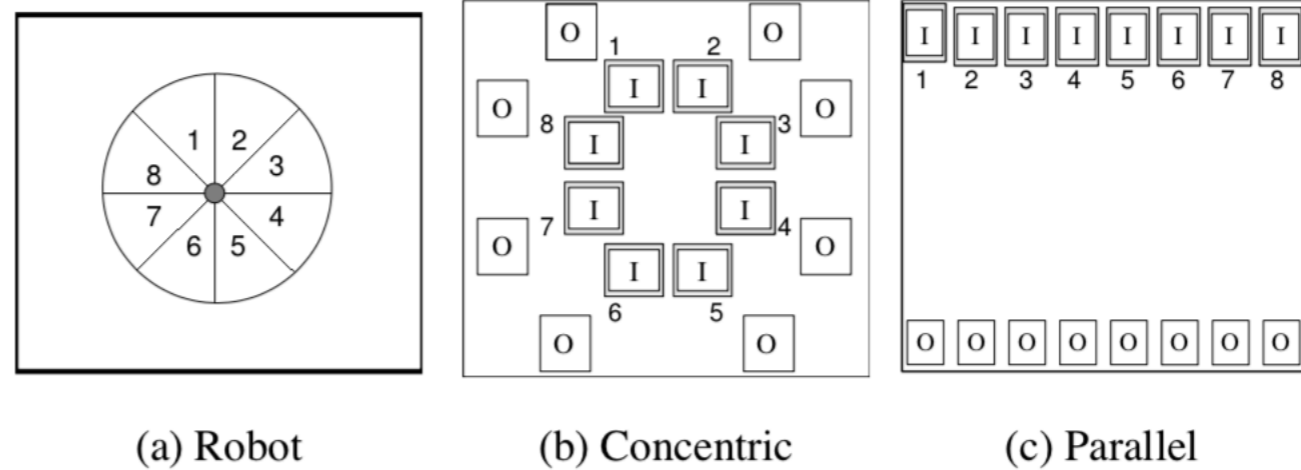
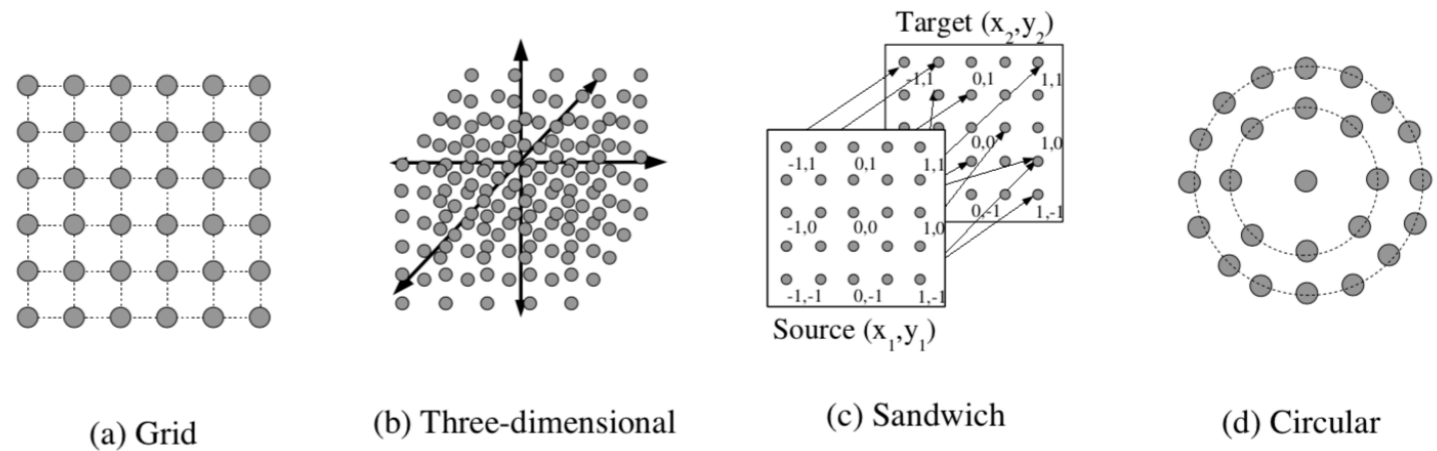
(c) Repetition



(d) Rep. with Var.

SUBSTRATE

- ▶ Configuration
- ▶ Input & output
- ▶ Resolution



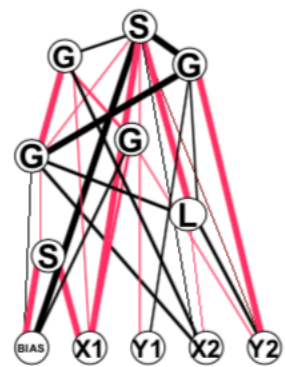
BASIC ALGORITHM

```
Input: Substrate Configuration
Output: Solution CPPN
1 Initialize population of minimal CPPNs with random weights;
2 while Stopping criteria is not met do
3   foreach CPPN in the population do
4     foreach Possible connection in the substrate do
5       Query the CPPN for weight  $w$  of connection;
6       if  $Abs(w) > Threshold$  then
7         Create connection with a weight scaled proportionally to  $w$  (figure 3);
8       end
9     end
10    Run the substrate as an ANN in the task domain to ascertain fitness;
11  end
12  Reproduce CPPNs according to the NEAT method to produce the next generation;
13 end
14 Output the Champion CPPN;
```

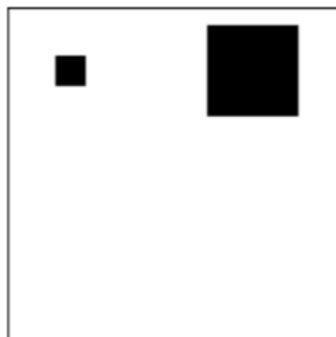
Algorithm 1: Basic HyperNEAT Algorithm

VISUAL DISCRIMINATION EXPERIMENT

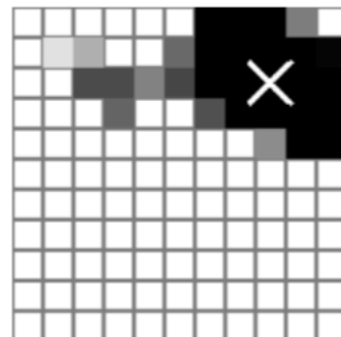
- ▶ Task: find center of the biggest black object
- ▶ Neuroevolution needs to find the pattern
- ▶ HyperNEAT x P-NEAT



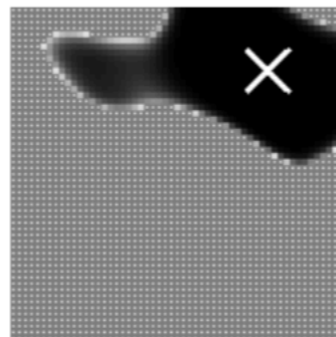
(a) CPPN



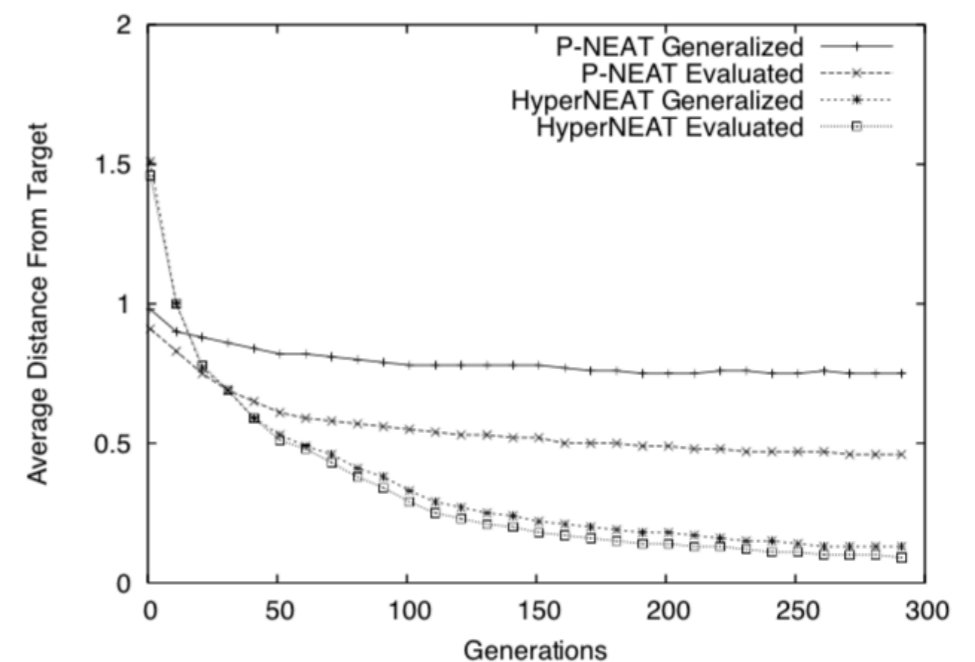
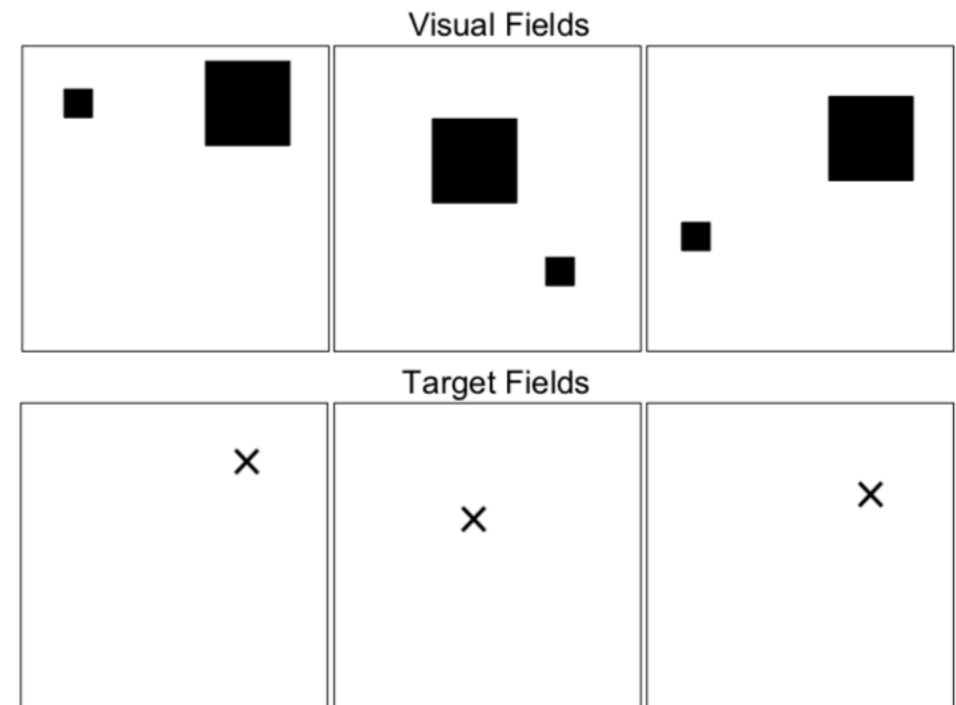
(b) Input Pattern



(c) 11 × 11 Output

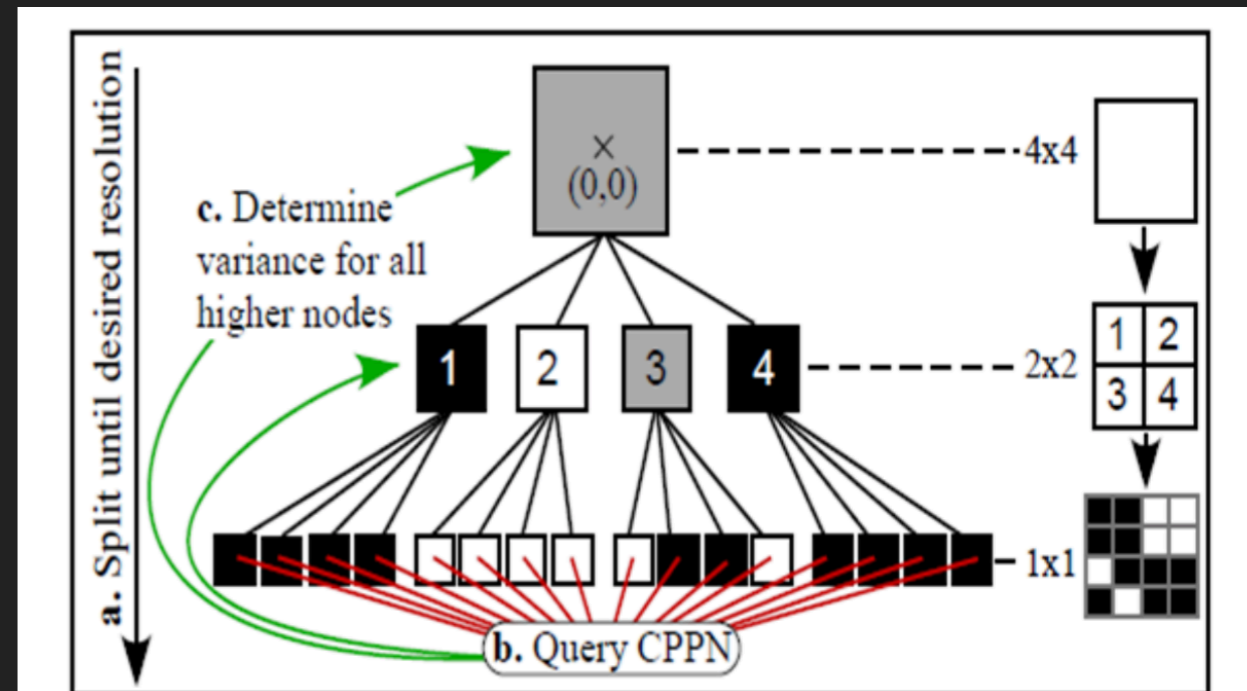


(d) 55 × 55 Output

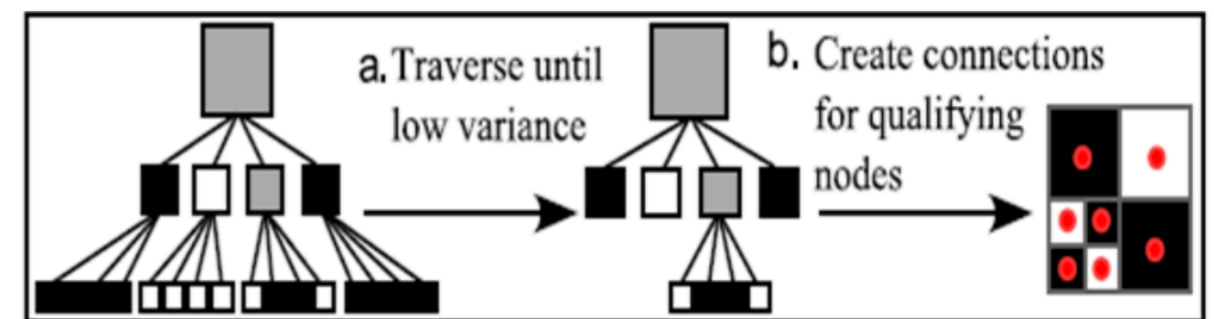


FOLLOWING DEVELOPMENT

- ▶ evolvable-substrate HyperNEAT
- ▶ quadTree division
- ▶ density is following the information
- ▶ Multiagent system
- ▶ learning of policies



(1) Division And Initialization Phase



(2) Pruning And Extraction Phase

SOURCES

- ▶ Autonomous Evolution of Topographic Regularities in Artificial Neural Networks, *Jason Gauci, Kenneth O. Stanley*
 - ▶ http://eplex.cs.ucf.edu/papers/gauci_nc10.pdf
- ▶ A Hypercube-Based Indirect Encoding for Evolving Large-Scale Neural Networks, *Kenneth O. Stanley, David D'Ambrosio, Jason Gauci*
 - ▶ http://eplex.cs.ucf.edu/papers/stanley_alife09.pdf
- ▶ Enhancing ES-HyperNEAT to Evolve More Complex Regular Neural Networks, *Sebastian Risi, Kenneth O. Stanley*
 - ▶ http://eplex.cs.ucf.edu/papers/risi_gecco11.pdf